## **Planning Information Packet**

## **San Bernardino County**

## EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT LABOR MARKET INFORMATION DIVISION

#### March 2006

For questions about this report, call (916) 262-2162.

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# Table 1 Public Assistance Recipients by Program 2003 - 2005 San Bernardino County

Recipients by Program		July	California	
	2003	2004	2005	July 2005
California Work Opportunity and Responsibility To Kids (CalWORKs) (a)	87,921	84,963	70,198	1,090,749
Adults	18,714	17,560	14,565	216,685
Children	69,207	67,403	55,633	874,064
Food Stamps (b)	121,160	135,987	N/A	1,616,239
General Relief	497	460	335	96,218
Refugee Cash Assistance (c)	11	2	7	1,100
Welfare to Work (d)	21,899	18,945	N/A	151,817

Source: California Department of Social Services

To access detailed reports for county comparisons, visit the California Department of Social Services Internet address at: http://www.dss.cahwnet.gov/research

CalWORKs: see report CA 237; Food Stamps: see report DFA 256;

General Relief: see report GR 237; Welfare to Work: see reports WTW 25 and WTW 25A.

- (a) Data include foster care children.
- **(b)** Includes those persons receiving public assistance payments and those not receiving public assistance payments.
- (c) Refugee Cash Assistance data are for the third quarter and exclude CalWORKs recipients.
- (d) With the passage of the Federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Act of 1996 and California's subsequent implementation of the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids Act (CalWORKs), the requirement for recipients of aid to participate in work related activities increased significantly. This number represents the number of CalWORKs recipients who have been enrolled or have been sent a notice to participate in Welfare to Work activities. These individuals may be required to participate or be willing to participate in these activities.

N/A Data not available.

Table 2
Public Assistance Recipients (CalWORKs)
Characteristics of Recipients 16 Years and Older
2003 - 2005

San Bernardino County

Characteristics	July							
	2003	2004	2005					
Total Recipients 16+ (a) (b)	30,450	29,420	24,310					
Male	5,830	5,630	4,650					
Female	24,630	23,800	19,660					
16-20		6,210 20,970	5,130 17,330					
45-54	1,860	1,800	1,480					
55+	480	460	380					
White (Not Hispanic)	9,000	8,420	n/a					
Black (Not Hispanic)	7,360	6,950	n/a					
Hispanic	13,160	13,270	n/a					
Asian & Pacific Islander	660	500	n/a					
American Indian	190	200	n/a					
Filipino	80	80	n/a					

California									
July 2005									
377,760									
72,330 305,540									
79,700 269,230 23,060 5,900									
87,440 78,590 182,590 23,190 2,970 2,990									

(CalWORKs) California Work Opportunity And Responsibility To Kids

Source: California Department of Social Services; U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; Detailed data by sex, age, and race/ethnicity are extrapolations based on aggregate figures provided by the Department of Social Services.

- (a) Includes children in Two Parent, Zero Parent, All Others, and Foster Care cases.
- (b) Detail may not add to total due to independent rounding.
- (c) California race/ethnicity totals do not include the following counties: Merced, Riverside, San Bernardino, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Solano, and Stanislaus. Data was not available.

n/a Data not available.

# TABLE 3 Workforce Investment Act Planning Information for Local Workforce Investment Areas

LWIA NAME: San Bernardino County

JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED: San Bernardino County (Total all county)

### 2000 CENSUS Characteristics of Economically Disadvantaged Persons<sup>1</sup>

	Total	0 to 13	14 and 15	16 to 21	22 to 24	25 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 72	73 and older
Total Persons	1,709,435	434,980	60,085	160,720	70,375	724,295	113,535	67,120	78,330
Poverty Universe <sup>2</sup>	1,662,615	424,700	58,905	152,190	65,475	707,195	112,675	66,565	74,910
Persons below Poverty <sup>3</sup>	263,410	92,300	11,050	29,440	12,740	93,265	12,790	5,270	6,550
Percent Persons in Poverty	15.8%	21.7%	18.8%	19.3%	19.5%	13.2%	11.4%	7.9%	8.7%
Persons in Poverty, excluding Military and College <sup>3,5</sup>	256,735	92,300	11,050	27,645	11,380	89,935	12,690	5,230	6,505
Persons below 70% of LLSIL <sup>4</sup>	342,055	128,135	14,895	38,030	15,415	117,945	13,270	6,240	8,115
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL <sup>3,4</sup>	350,320	128,135	14,955	38,650	16,100	122,455	14,750	6,525	8,755
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL, excluding Military and College <sup>3,4,5</sup>	340,460	128,135	14,955	35,135	14,220	118,230	14,615	6,460	8,710
Persons in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6</sup>	721,185	n/a	n/a	77,970	47,205	517,225	61,430	12,700	4,660
Household Population in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6,7</sup>	715,950	n/a	n/a	†	†	†	†	†	†

#### **Characteristics of Various Potential Client Groups**

Labor Force Status, 2005 <sup>8</sup>	
Employment	814,080
Unemployment	43,330
Unemployment Rate <sup>†</sup>	5.1%
Not in Labor Force <sup>9</sup>	535,610
Adult Probation Active Caseload (as of December, 2004) <sup>10</sup>	16,130
Veteran Estimates, 2005 <sup>11</sup>	
Total Veterans	127,759
Male	118,694
Female	9,065
Veterans Receiving Compensation and Pension Benefits (as of November, 2005) <sup>12</sup>	14,782

n/a Persons counted as part of the Civilian Labor Force must be at least 16 years old.

† Not available.

# TABLE 3 Workforce Investment Act Planning Information for Local Workforce Investment Areas

LWIA NAME: San Bernardino County

JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED: San Bernardino County (Less San Bernardino City)

### 2000 CENSUS Characteristics of Economically Disadvantaged Persons<sup>1</sup>

	Total	0 to 13	14 and 15	16 to 21	22 to 24	25 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 72	73 and older
Total Persons	1,524,045	382,320	53,470	142,735	61,570	650,505	102,900	60,840	69,715
Poverty Universe <sup>2</sup>	1,482,515	373,125	52,590	135,015	56,950	635,520	102,320	60,395	66,595
Persons below Poverty <sup>3</sup>	213,720	72,810	8,930	24,070	10,190	76,455	11,090	4,530	5,640
Percent Persons in Poverty	14.4%	19.5%	17.0%	17.8%	17.9%	12.0%	10.8%	7.5%	8.5%
Persons in Poverty, excluding Military and College <sup>3,5</sup>	208,130	72,810	8,930	22,580	9,060	73,665	11,000	4,490	5,595
Persons below 70% of LLSIL <sup>4</sup>	282,560	104,280	12,120	31,425	12,595	98,295	11,490	5,385	6,955
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL <sup>3,4</sup>	289,165	104,280	12,165	31,885	13,110	101,845	12,700	5,645	7,530
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL, excluding Military and College <sup>3,4,5</sup>	280,620	104,280	12,165	28,805	11,535	98,185	12,580	5,580	7,485
Persons in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6</sup>	650,905	n/a	n/a	69,290	41,245	468,585	56,115	11,515	4,155
Household Population in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6,7</sup>	646,570	n/a	n/a	†	†	†	†	†	t

### **Characteristics of Various Potential Client Groups**

Labor Force Status, 2005°	
Employment	737,660
Unemployment	37,620
Unemployment Rate	4.9%
Not in Labor Force <sup>9</sup>	474,970
Adult Probation Active Caseload (as of December, 2004) <sup>10</sup>	13,860
Veteran Estimates, 2005 <sup>11</sup>	
Total Veterans	†
Male	†
Female	†
Veterans Receiving Compensation and Pension Benefits (as of November, 2005) <sup>12</sup>	†

n/a Persons counted as part of the Civilian Labor Force must be at least 16 years old.

† Not available.

# TABLE 3 Workforce Investment Act Planning Information for Local Workforce Investment Areas

LWIA NAME: City of San Bernardino

JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED: San Bernardino City

### 2000 CENSUS Characteristics of Economically Disadvantaged Persons<sup>1</sup>

	Total	0 to 13	14 and 15	16 to 21	22 to 24	25 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 72	73 and older
Total Persons	185,390	52,660	6,615	17,985	8,805	73,790	10,635	6,280	8,615
Poverty Universe <sup>2</sup>	180,100	51,575	6,315	17,175	8,525	71,675	10,355	6,170	8,315
Persons below Poverty <sup>3</sup>	49,690	19,490	2,120	5,370	2,550	16,810	1,700	740	910
Percent Persons in Poverty	27.6%	37.8%	33.6%	31.3%	29.9%	23.5%	16.4%	12.0%	10.9%
Persons in Poverty, excluding Military and College <sup>3,5</sup>	48,605	19,490	2,120	5,065	2,320	16,270	1,690	740	910
Persons below 70% of LLSIL <sup>4</sup>	59,495	23,855	2,775	6,605	2,820	19,650	1,780	855	1,160
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL <sup>3,4</sup>	61,155	23,855	2,790	6,765	2,990	20,610	2,050	880	1,225
Persons below Poverty or 70% of LLSIL, excluding Military and College <sup>3,4,5</sup>	59,840	23,855	2,790	6,330	2,685	20,045	2,035	880	1,225
Persons in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6</sup>	70,280	n/a	n/a	8,680	5,960	48,640	5,315	1,185	505
Household Population in the Civilian Labor Force <sup>6,7</sup>	69,380	n/a	n/a	†	†	†	†	†	†

### **Characteristics of Various Potential Client Groups**

Labor Force Status, 2005 <sup>8</sup>	
Employment	76,420
Unemployment	5,710
Unemployment Rate	7.0%
Not in Labor Force <sup>9</sup>	60,520
Adult Probation Active Caseload (as of December, 2004) <sup>10</sup>	2,270
Veteran Estimates, 2005 <sup>11</sup>	
Total Veterans	†
Male	†
Female	†
Veterans Receiving Compensation and Pension Benefits (as of November, 2005) <sup>12</sup>	†

n/a Persons counted as part of the Civilian Labor Force must be at least 16 years old.

† Not available.

### TABLE 3

## Workforce Investment Act Planning Information for Local Workforce Investment Areas

### **Endnotes and Data Sources**

<sup>1</sup>The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) define the **economically disadvantaged population** as persons below the federal poverty level or below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Levels (LLSIL).

ETA contracted with a private research firm to tabulate these data from individual responses to the decennial census. Totals may not match published data from the U.S. Bureau of Census. Further information is available through the following Web sites:

### www.doleta.gov www.census.gov

- <sup>2</sup>**Poverty Universe**: The poverty universe is the number of persons for which poverty status is determined. The poverty universe is smaller than the total population because poverty status is not determined for people in institutions, such as prisons or nursing homes; people in military group quarters; people in college dormitories; and, individuals under 15 years old living with non-relatives, such as foster children.
- <sup>3</sup>Persons below Poverty: An individual's poverty status is determined by comparing their family income with the federal poverty threshold appropriate for that person's family size and the number of family members under 18 years old. If a person is not living with anyone related by birth, marriage, or adoption, then the person's own income is compared with his or her poverty threshold. Persons in Poverty percent of universe is calculated by dividing the Persons below Poverty by the Poverty Universe.
- <sup>4</sup>Lower Living Standard Income Levels (LLSIL): The LLSIL determines an individual's eligibility for certain services under the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). WIA section 101(24) defines the LLSIL as "that income level (adjusted for regional, metropolitan, urban, and rural differences and family size) determined annually by the Secretary of Labor." In a manner similar to the poverty level, an individual's LLSIL status is determined by comparing their income and family size to the published LLSIL levels.
- <sup>5</sup>Excluding Military and College: These data exclude persons who are on active duty in the armed forces and college students on in the labor force. The exclusion of such persons is required to comply with WIA definition of funding formula factors.
- <sup>6</sup>Civilian Labor Force is persons 16 years or older who are "employed," excluding persons in the armed forces and in institutions, or "unemployed." "Unemployed" are persons who were without a job and are actively looking for a job and were available to start a job.
- <sup>7</sup>**Household Population** includes all of the people who occupy a housing unit. (People not living in households are classified as living in group quarters.) A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied (or if vacant, intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live separately from any other people in the building and that have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated people who share living quarters.

<sup>8</sup>All data in this group are averages of estimates for the 12-month period, January 2005 through December 2005 (preliminary) on the March 2004 benchmark. These data are developed by the California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division (LMID), (916) 262-2162. These data differ from estimates accessible on the LMID website because of benchmark revisions released March through June 2006.

**Labor force** in this category refers to the sum of civilian employment and civilian unemployment. Civilians, as defined, are age 16 years or older, not members of the Armed Services, and are not in institutions such as prisons, mental hospitals, or nursing homes.

**Employment** includes all individuals who worked at least one hour for a wage or salary, or were self-employed, or were working at least 15 unpaid hours in a family business or on a family farm, during the week including the 12th of the month. Those who were on vacation, on other kinds of leave, or involved in a labor dispute, are counted as employed.

**Unemployment** includes those individuals who were not working but who were able to work, available to work, and actively looking for work during the week including the 12th of the month. Individuals who were waiting to be recalled from a layoff and individuals waiting to report to a new job within 30 days are counted as unemployed.

Unemployment Rate is the number of unemployed as a percentage of the labor force.

- Not in Labor Force: Official methods by the Bureau of Labor Statistics do not include monthly estimates of persons not in the labor force. The number of persons not in the labor force in this table was derived using 2000 Census data by Local Workforce Investment Area (LWIA) member cities and counties. Specifically, the official current estimate of labor force is divided by the Census estimate of labor force participation rates estimates for the total working-aged population. Total working-aged population less the number of persons in the labor force equals the number of persons not in the labor force.
- <sup>10</sup>Adult Probation Active Caseload: Adults on probation are under county supervision. As a result, data are not available regarding the distribution of adults on probation within a county. For LWIAs that do not include an entire county or counties, caseload was distributed among cities according to each city's share of adult arrests for felonies and misdemeanors in 2003, the most recent year for which data are available. San Francisco County has not met its data reporting obligations since 2000. Data from that year, adjusted for population growth, was used to estimate the 2004 data shown here. Source of data: California Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, Criminal Justice Statistics Center (on-line at: www.aq.ca.qov/cisc).
- <sup>11</sup>Data provided by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, Veteran Population Projections for 2004 (VetPop2004), county-level estimates for September 2005. Data are located on-line at www.va.gov.
- <sup>12</sup>Data provided by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, VA Compensation & Pension Minimaster, Statistics for Veterans Receiving Compensation and Pension Benefits, November 2005. A small number of cases may be excluded for privacy protection.

**Note**: All data provided are the most recent available at the time of publication.

# Table 4 Lower Living Standard Income Level (LLSIL) and Poverty Guidelines 2005

Table 1 — San Diego Metropolitan Statistical Area												
San Diego												
		Family Size										
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Each Additional					
	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member Add					
70% LLSIL <b>(a)</b>												
Annual	\$9,410	\$15,420	\$21,160	\$26,120	\$30,830	\$36,050	\$5,220					
6 Months	\$4,705	\$7,710	\$10,580	\$13,060	\$15,415	\$18,025	\$2,610					
100%	\$13,440	\$22,020	\$30,230	\$37,310	\$44,030	\$51,490	\$7,460					
Poverty Guidelines (a)												
Annual	\$9,570	\$12,830	\$16,090	\$19,350	\$22,610	\$25,870	\$3,260					
6 Months	\$4,785	\$6,415	\$8,045	\$9,675	\$11,305	\$12,935	\$1,630					

Table 2 — Los Angeles/Riverside/Orange County Metropolitan Statistical Area										
Anaheim	Los Ang	jeles Cou	ınty		San Bernardino County					
Carson/Lomita/Torrand	ce	Orange	County			SELAC	)			
Foothill		Riversid	le County	y		South B	ay			
Long Beach		Santa A	na			Ventura				
Los Angeles City		San Ber	nardino	City		Verdugo				
				Family Size						
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Each Additional			
	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member Add			
70% LLSIL (a)										
Annual	\$8,640	\$14,160	\$19,440	\$23,990	\$28,310	\$33,110	\$4,800			
6 Months	\$4,320	\$7,080	\$9,720	\$11,995	\$14,155	\$16,555	\$2,400			
100%	\$12,340	\$20,220	\$27,760	\$34,270	\$40,440	\$47,300	\$6,860			
19350										
Annual	\$9,570	\$12,830	\$16,090	\$19,350	\$22,610	\$25,870	\$3,260			
6 Months	\$4,785	\$6,415	\$8,045	\$9,675	\$11,305	\$12,935	\$1,630			

# Table 4 Lower Living Standard Income Level (LLSIL) and Poverty Guidelines 2005

Table 3 — San Francisco/Oakland/San Jose Metropolitan Statistical Area								
Alameda	Oakland					Santa Cruz		
Contra Costa	Richmond				Solano			
Marin	San Francisco				Sonoma			
Napa	San Jose							
NOVA San Mateo								
	Family Size							
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Each Additional	
	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member Add	
70% LLSIL (a)								
Annual	\$8,950	\$14,670	\$20,130	\$24,850	\$29,330	\$34,300	\$4,970	
6 Months	\$4,475	\$7,335	\$10,065	\$12,425	\$14,665	\$17,150	\$2,485	
100%	\$12,780	\$20,940	\$28,750	\$35,490	\$41,880	\$48,980	\$7,100	
Poverty Guidelines (a)								
Annual	\$9,570	\$12,830	\$16,090	\$19,350	\$22,610	\$25,870	\$3,260	
6 Months	\$4,785	\$6,415	\$8,045	\$9,675	\$11,305	\$12,935	\$1,630	

Table 4 — Other Metropolitan Areas								
Fresno	NoRTEC					Stanislaus		
Golden Sierra	North Central					Tulare		
Kern/Inyo/Mono	Sacramento					Yolo		
Merced	San Joaquin							
Monterey Santa Barbara								
	Family Size							
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Each Additional	
	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member Add	
70% LLSIL <b>(a)</b>								
Annual	\$8,360	\$13,700	\$18,810	\$23,220	\$27,400	\$32,050	\$4,650	
6 Months	\$4,180	\$6,850	\$9,405	\$11,610	\$13,700	\$16,025	\$2,325	
100%	\$11,940	\$19,570	\$26,860	\$33,160	\$39,130	\$45,770	\$6,640	
Poverty Guidelines (a)								
Annual	\$9,570	\$12,830	\$16,090	\$19,350	\$22,610	\$25,870	\$3,260	
6 Months	\$4,785	\$6,415	\$8,045	\$9,675	\$11,305	\$12,935	\$1,630	

# Table 4 Lower Living Standard Income Level (LLSIL) and Poverty Guidelines 2005

Table 5 — Nonmetropolitan Areas									
Humboldt	Mother Lode								
Imperial	San Benito								
Kings	San Luis Obispo								
Madera									
Mendocino									
	Family Size								
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Each Additional		
	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member	Member Add		
70% LLSIL (a)									
Annual	\$8,070	\$13,230	\$18,160	\$22,410	\$26,450	\$30,930	\$4,480		
6 Months	\$4,035	\$6,615	\$9,080	\$11,205	\$13,225	\$15,465	\$2,240		
100%	\$11,530	\$18,900	\$25,940	\$32,020	\$37,790	\$44,190	\$6,400		
Poverty Guidelines (a)									
Annual	\$9,570	\$12,830	\$16,090	\$19,350	\$22,610	\$25,870	\$3,260		
6 Months	\$4,785	\$6,415	\$8,045	\$9,675	\$11,305	\$12,935	\$1,630		

Source: State of California, Workforce Investment Division, Workforce Investment Act Directive (WIAD04-24, June 17, 2005)

(a) Tables 1 through 5 show the 70 percent LLSIL and the poverty guidelines for western metropolitan a nonmetropolitan areas, and for three specific Metropolitan Statistical Areas in California. In addition, each LLSIL table includes the 100 percent LLSIL that establishes the Department of Labor's minimum self-sufficiency levels. Each table specifies which areas encompass which Local Workforce Investment Area (LWIA). For a family of one, in all tables, the poverty guidelines exceed the 70 percent LLSIL and, therefore, should be used to establish the low-income status. For all other family sizes, the LLSILs exceed the poverty guidelines. The last column in each table shows the amount to be added to the figure for a family of six for each additional family member.